

### **General Description**

The AAT4608 SmartSwitch is a member of Skyworks' Application Specific Power MOSFET™ (ASPM™) product family. It is a current limited P-channel MOSFET power switch designed for high-side load switching applications. This switch operates with inputs ranging from 2.7V to 5.5V, making it ideal for both 3V and 5V systems. An integrated current-limiting circuit protects the input supply against large currents which may cause the supply to fall out of regulation. The AAT4608 is also protected from thermal overload which limits power dissipation and junction temperatures. It can be used to control loads that require up to 1A. Current limit threshold is programmed with a resistor from SET to ground. The quiescent supply current is typically a low 15µA max.

The AAT4608 is available in a Pb-free, 5-pin SOT23 package, and is specified over the -40 $^{\circ}$ C to +85 $^{\circ}$ C temperature range.

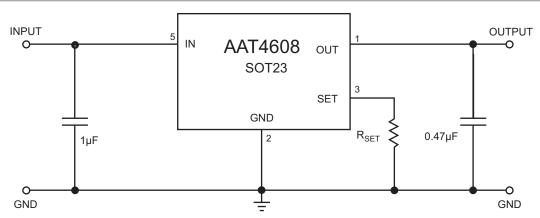
#### **Features**

- 2.7V to 5.5V Input Voltage Range
- Programmable Over-Current Threshold
- Fast Transient Response:
  - <1µs Response to Short Circuit</p>
- · Low Quiescent Current
  - 15µA Typical
  - 1µA Max With Switch Off
- 160mΩ Typical R<sub>DS(ON)</sub>
- Under-Voltage Lockout
- Thermal Shutdown
- Temperature Range: -40°C to +85°C
- 4kV ESD Rating
- 5-Pin SOT23 Package

### **Applications**

- Hot Swap Supplies
- Notebook Computers
- Peripheral Ports
- Personal Communication Devices

# **Typical Application**



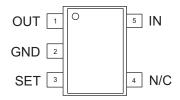
# Current Limited Load Switch in a SOT23 Package

## **Pin Descriptions**

Pin #	Symbol	Function
1	OUT	P-channel MOSFET drain. Connect 0.47µF capacitor from OUT to GND.
2	GND	Ground connection.
3	SET	Current limit set input. A resistor from SET to ground sets the current limit for the switch.
4	N/C	No internal connection.
5	IN	P-channel MOSFET source. Connect 1µF capacitor from IN to GND.

## **Pin Configuration**

#### SOT23-5 (Top View)



# Current Limited Load Switch in a SOT23 Package

## Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>1</sup>

 $T_A = 25$ °C unless otherwise noted.

Symbol	Description	Value	Units
$V_{IN}$	IN to GND	-0.3 to 6	V
$V_{SET}$ , $V_{OUT}$	SET, OUT to GND	$-0.3$ to $V_{IN} + 0.3$	V
$I_{MAX}$	Maximum Continuous Switch Current	2	Α
T <sub>1</sub>	Operating Junction Temperature Range	-40 to 150	°C
T <sub>LEAD</sub>	Maximum Soldering Temperature (at Leads)	300	°C
$V_{ESD}$	ESD Rating <sup>2</sup> - HBM	4000	V

#### Thermal Characteristics<sup>3</sup>

Symbol	Description	Value	Units
$\Theta_{JA}$	Thermal Resistance	150	°C/W
P <sub>D</sub>	Power Dissipation	667	mW

<sup>1.</sup> Stresses above those listed in Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation at conditions other than the operating conditions specified is not implied. Only one Absolute Maximum Rating should be applied at any one time.

<sup>2.</sup> Human body model is a 100pF capacitor discharged through a  $1.5k\Omega$  resistor into each pin.

<sup>3.</sup> Mounted on a demo board.

# Current Limited Load Switch in a SOT23 Package

### **Electrical Characteristics**

 $V_{IN}$  = 5V,  $T_A$  = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A$  = 25°C.

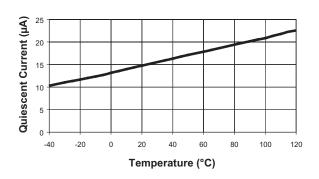
Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
$V_{IN}$	Operation Voltage		2.7		5.5	V
$I_Q$	Quiescent Current	$V_{IN} = 5V$ , $I_{OUT} = 0$		15	30	μΑ
$V_{\text{UVLO}}$	Under-Voltage Lockout	Rising Edge, 1% Hysteresis	2.0	2.3	2.7	V
		$V_{IN} = 5.0V$		160	180	
$R_{DS(ON)}$	On Resistance	$V_{IN} = 4.5V$		165		mΩ
		$V_{IN} = 3.0V$		195	230	
$I_{LIM}$	Current Limit	$R_{SET} = 6.8k\Omega$	0.5	1	2.0	Α
I <sub>LIM(MIN)</sub>	Minimum Current Limit			150		mA
$T_{RESP}$	Current Limit Response Time	$V_{IN} = 5V$		0.8		μs

### **Current Limited Load Switch in a SOT23 Package**

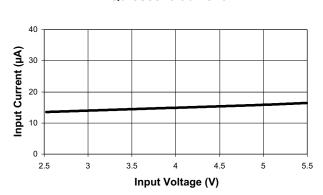
## **Typical Characteristics**

Unless otherwise noted,  $V_{IN} = 5V$ ,  $T_A = 25$ °C.

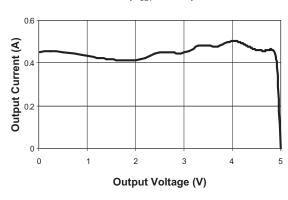
#### **Quiescent Current vs. Temperature**



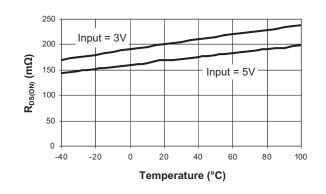
#### **Quiescent Current**



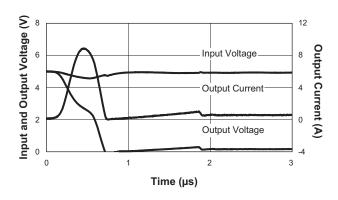
# Output Current vs. Output Voltage $(R_{SET} = 16k\Omega)$



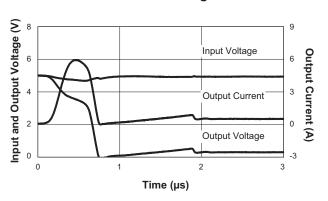
R<sub>DS(ON)</sub> vs. Temperature



#### Short-Circuit Through 0.3Ω



#### Short-Circuit Through 0.6Ω

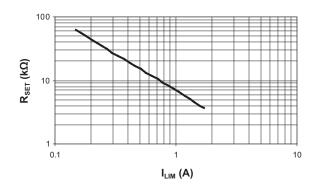


# Current Limited Load Switch in a SOT23 Package

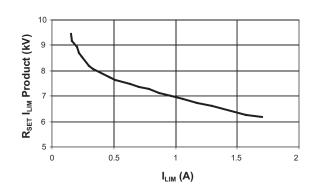
## **Typical Characteristics**

Unless otherwise noted,  $V_{IN} = 5V$ ,  $T_A = 25$ °C.

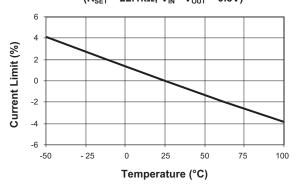
 $R_{\text{SET}} \ vs. \ I_{\text{LIM}}$ 



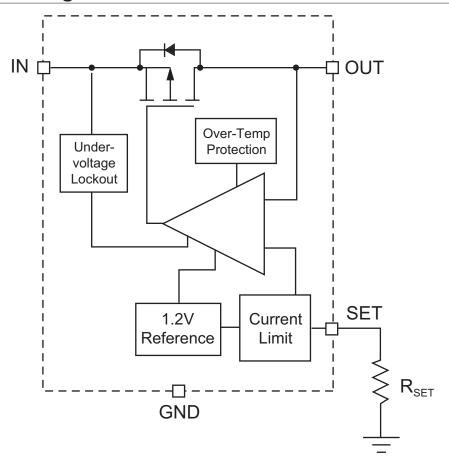
R<sub>SET</sub> Coefficient vs. I<sub>LIM</sub>



Current Limit vs. Temperature  $(R_{SET} = 22.1k\Omega; V_{IN} - V_{OUT} = 0.5V)$ 



### **Functional Block Diagram**

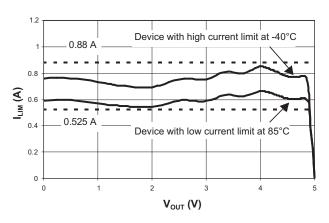


## **Applications Information**

#### **Setting Current Limit**

In most applications, the variation in  $I_{\text{LIM}}$  must be taken into account when determining  $R_{\text{SET.}}$  The  $I_{\text{LIM}}$  variation is due to processing variations from part to part, as well as variations in the voltages at IN (Pin 5) and OUT (Pin 1), plus the operating temperature. See charts "Current Limit vs. Temperature," and "Output Current vs.  $V_{\text{OUT.}}$ " Together these three factors add up to a  $\pm 25\%$  tolerance (see  $I_{\text{LIM}}$  specification in Electrical Characteristics section). In the figure below, a cold device with a statistically higher current limit, and a hot device with a statistically lower current limit, both with  $R_{\text{SET}}$  equal to  $10.5 k\Omega$ , are shown. While the chart, " $R_{\text{SET}}$  vs.  $I_{\text{LIM}}$ " indicates an  $I_{\text{LIM}}$  of 0.74 with an  $R_{\text{SET}}$  of  $10.5 k\Omega$ , this figure shows that the actual current limit will be at least 0.525A, and no greater than 0.880A.

#### Current Limit Using 10.5k $\Omega$



To determine  $R_{\text{SET,}}$  start with the maximum current drawn by the load and multiply it by 1.33. (Typical\_ $I_{\text{LIM}}=\text{minimum}\_I_{\text{LIM}}$  / 0.75.) This is the typical current limit value. Next, refer to "R\_{SET} vs.  $I_{\text{LIM}}$ " and find the  $R_{\text{SET}}$  that

corresponds to the typical current limit value. Choose the largest resistor available that is less than or equal to it. For greater precision, the value of  $R_{\text{SET}}$  may also be calculated using the  $I_{\text{LIM}}$   $R_{\text{SET}}$  product found in the chart " $R_{\text{SET}}$  coefficient vs.  $I_{\text{LIM}}$ ." The maximum current is derived by multiplying the typical current for the chosen  $R_{\text{SET}}$  in the chart by 1.25. A few standard resistor values are listed in Table 1.

R <sub>SET</sub> (kΩ)	Current Limit (Typ) (mA)	Device Will Not Current Limit Below (mA)	Device Always Current Limits Below (mA)
40.2	200	150	250
30.9	250	188	313
24.9	300	225	375
22.1	350	263	438
19.6	400	300	500
17.8	450	338	563
16.2	500	375	625
14.7	550	413	688
13.0	600	450	750
10.5	700	525	875
8.87	800	600	1000
7.50	900	675	1125
6.81	1000	750	1250
6.04	1100	825	1375
5.49	1200	900	1500
4.99	1300	975	1625
4.64	1400	1050	1750

Table 1: Current Limit R<sub>SET</sub> Values.

Example: A USB port requires 0.5A. 0.5A multiplied by 1.33 is 0.665A. From the chart named " $R_{\text{SET}}$  vs.  $I_{\text{LIM}}$ ,"  $R_{\text{SET}}$  should be less than  $11k\Omega$ .  $10.5k\Omega$  is a standard value that is a little less than  $11k\Omega$  but very close. The chart reads approximately 0.700A as a typical  $I_{\text{LIM}}$  value for  $10.5k\Omega$ . Multiplying 0.700A by 0.75 and 1.25 shows that the AAT4608 will limit the load current to greater than 0.525A, but less than 0.875A.

#### **Operation in Current Limit**

When a heavy load is applied to the output of the AAT4608, the load current is limited to the value of  $I_{\text{LIM}}$  determined by  $R_{\text{SET}}$  (see Figure 1). Since the load is demanding more current than  $I_{\text{LIM}}$ , the voltage at the output drops. This causes the AAT4608 to dissipate a larger than normal quantity of power, and its die temperature to increase. When the die temperature exceeds an over-temperature limit, the AAT4608 will shut down until is has cooled sufficiently, at which point it will start up again. The AAT4608 will continue to cycle on and off until the load (or power) is removed.

#### **Reverse Voltage**

The AAT4608 is designed to control current flowing from IN to OUT. If a voltage is applied to OUT which is greater than the voltage on IN, large currents may flow. This could cause damage to the AAT4608.

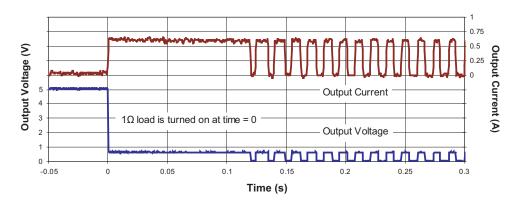


Figure 1: Overload Operation.

### Ordering Information

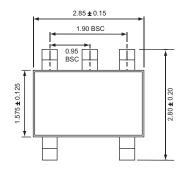
Package	Marking <sup>1</sup>	Part Number (Tape and Reel) <sup>2</sup>
SOT23-5	CMXYY	AAT4608IGV-T1



Skyworks Green<sup>TM</sup> products are compliant with all applicable legislation and are halogen-free. For additional information, refer to *Skyworks Definition of Green*<sup>TM</sup>, document number S004-0074.

### Package Information

#### SOT23-5







All dimensions in millimeters.

- 1. XYY = assembly and date code.
- 2. Sample stock is generally held on part numbers listed in BOLD.

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